

# Package: lettervalue (via r-universe)

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**Type** Package

**Title** Computing Letter Values

**Version** 0.2.1

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**Imports** tibble, glue, purrr, stats

**Description** Letter Values for the course Exploratory Data Analysis at Federal University of Bahia (Brazil). The approach implemented in the package is presented in the textbook of Tukey (1977) <ISBN: 978-0201076165>.

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**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**RoxygenNote** 7.2.3

**Repository** <https://gilberto-sassi.r-universe.dev>

**RemoteUrl** <https://github.com/gilberto-sassi/lettervalue>

**RemoteRef** HEAD

**RemoteSha** 88c355fd0584146f7d571f9d0f3741e0216097e9

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letter_value	<i>Compute Letter Value.</i>
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### Description

letter\_value returns the letter values until the level indicated by level.

### Usage

```
letter_value(x, level = 2, na_rm = TRUE)
```

### Arguments

x	numeric vector
level	integer value between 2 and 9 indicating the level to compute the letter values. Default value is 2.
na_rm	a logical evaluating to TRUE or FALSE indicating whether NA values should be stripped before the computation proceeds. Default value is TRUE.

### Details

This function computes the letter values as presented at Understanding Robust and Exploratory Data Analysis by Hoaglin, Mosteller and Tukey published in 1983.

### Value

a list object is returned with the variable name (variable\_name), the sample (sample), and a data frame with the following columns:

**letter** a letter indicating the letter value

**depth** depth of the letter value

**lv\_lower** lower letter value

**lv\_upper** upper letter value

### Examples

```
letter_value(rivers)
```

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print.lv	<i>Display Letter Values.</i>
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**Description**

Display and return letter values.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'lv'  
print(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	an object lv.
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods.

**Details**

The diagram is, by default, the 5-number summary, where the sample size, the median (location measure) and the F-spread (distance between lower fourth and upper fourth). Others diagrams are available increasing the argument level.

This function computes the letter values as presented at Understanding Robust and Exploratory Data Analysis by Hoaglin, Mosteller and Tukey published in 1983.

This is a generic print method for the class "lv".

**Value**

No return value, called to improve visualization of letter values as proposed at the seminal book Understanding Robust and Exploratory Data Analysis by Hoaglin, Mosteller and Tukey published of 1983.

**Examples**

```
lv_obj <- letter_value(rivers)  
print.lv(lv_obj)
```

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`summary.lv`*Summary Using Letter Value*

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## Description

Compute the resume measures (location and scale) using letter values.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lv'  
summary(object, ..., coef = 1.5)
```

## Arguments

<code>object</code>	an object lv.
<code>...</code>	further arguments passed to or from other methods.
<code>coef</code>	Length of the whiskers as multiple of IQR. Defaults to 1.

## Details

In this summary, we present the trimean, median, F-spread, F-pseudo sigma, F-pseudo variance e outliers values.

This function returns the measures of location and scale as presented at Understanding Robust and Exploratory Data Analysis by Hoaglin, Mosteller and Tukey published in 1983.

This is a generic method for the class "lv".

## Value

A tibble object with the following columns:

**trimean** resistant measure to small changes in the dataset for location.

**median** resistant measure to small changes in the dataset for location.

**f\_spread** resistant measure to small changes in the dataset for scale.

**f\_pseudo\_sigma** resistant measure to small changes in the dataset for location. For a normal distribution, this measure is equal to populational standard deviation.

**f\_pseudo\_variance** squared valued of `f_pseudo_sigma`.

**outliers** values outside whiskers.

## Examples

```
lv_obj <- letter_value(rivers)  
summary.lv(lv_obj)
```

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